

21 南宮括

字子容，魯國貴族。崇尚道德，處事謹慎，努力實踐孔子關於「君子訥于言而敏于行」的教誨。深得孔子賞識，孔子稱其為君子，并把自己的侄女嫁給他。唐玄宗開元二十七年封為「郟伯」，宋真宗大中祥符二年升為「糞丘侯」，宋度宗咸淳三年改封「汝陽侯」，從祀孔子。



21. NANGONG KUO

Nangong Kuo, styled Zirong, was an aristocrat of the State of Lu. He upheld morality, handled affairs with great care and made efforts to practice Confucius's teaching — "A superior man desires to be hesitant in speech, but sharp in action". Confucius, who thought highly of Nangong Kuo, called him a Superior Man, and married his niece to him. In the 27th year of the Kaiyuan reign period of Emperor Xuanzong of the Tang Dynasty, Nangong Kuo received the title of Count Tan; in the second year of the Dazhong Xiangfu of Emperor Zhenzong of the Song Dynasty, Duke Gongqiu; and in the third year of the Xianchun reign period of Emperor Duzong of the Song Dynasty, Duke Ruyang. He was commemorated together with Confucius.